

# Primary Demonstration School, Suan SunandhaRajabhat University Subject: English class P.4 Teacher: Tippawon Patchana Name\_\_\_\_\_\_P.4 /\_\_No.\_\_\_

Present perfect tense	: Subject + has ,	have ·	+ past	participle	(V <u>.3</u> )
Choose the correct option.					

- 1 I have / has already finished my homework.
- 2 My son have / has just started the university.
- 3 The Black family have / has gone to the seaside.
- 4 Dad haven't / hasn't watered the plants.
- 5 Have / Has Sam ever been to the USA?
- 6 Our English teachers have / has never ridden a horse.
- 7 Ann, Frank and Jim have / has bought a new house.
- 8 Have / Has you taken the dog for a walk?
- 9 The weather have / has been terrible since yesterday.
- 10 My little sister have / has just stopped crying.

# Read the sentence and circle have or has

1. 1	been to Korea.	
2. She	visited Seoul.	
3. He	eaten sushi.	
4. They	bought a car.	
5. We	read that book.	
6	you been to France?	

7	_she been late before?
8	_he lost his keys?
9	_they missed the train?
10	we met before?
11. I	not been to Japan.
12. She	not drank coffee.
13. He	not spoken to me.
14. They	not done their homework.
15. We	not seen that movie.
16. What	you done today?
17. How long_	he worked here?
18. Why	you brought that to class?
Use the words	in brackets to make a present perfect sentence
For example: (	I / study / English) $ ightarrow$ I have studied English.
1. I	( miss ) the train
2. He	(play )soccer
3. She	( lose ) her keys.
4. They	( go ) to Spain
5. We	( live ) here for five years.
6. I	( know ) Chris for two years.
7. He	(eat ) sushi.
8. She	( drink ) too much coffee .
9. They	( drive ) an expensive car.

10. We( read ) that book.
Make the negative present perfect
1) We( not go ) to Paris.
2) She( not see ) The Lord of the Rings.
3) He( not meet ) my mother.
4) They( not visit ) St. Paul's.
5) I( not know ) him for three months.
6) You( not study ) French for ten years.
7) They (not be ) in London for six months.
8) He( not hurt ) his leg.
9) She( not leave ) her phone in a taxi.
10) We( not lose ) our tickets.
Use the words in brackets to make a present perfect question.
example: (you / did / your homework?) $\rightarrow$ Have you done your homework?
1. (you / read / 'The Great Gatsby'?)
2. (she / be / late before?)
3. (he / meet / your parents?)
4. (they / live / here for a long time?)

5. (I / meet / you before?)
6. (he / eat / octopus before?)
7. (she / work / here for two years?)
8. (they / take / the exam yet?)
9. (How much water / you / drink today?)
10. (What / you / do today?)
Make present perfect sentences.
1 Ernie / break / his leg / four times
2 I / never / fly a kite
3 your brother / ever / eat / snails?
4 our friends / not play / volleyball / this month
5 he / borrow / your pen?
6 my father / never / read / romantic books
7 I / not see / Julia / this morning

8 Mrs Salwick / ever / write a book?

9 my family / lived / in this town / for 6 years

\_\_\_\_\_

10 your grandma / ever / ride a bike?

### Ever

# We use "ever" in interrogative sentences:

- a. Have you ever been to the United States?
- b. Have you ever traveled by train?
- c. Have you ever failed a class?

### Never

We use "never" in affirmative sentences: but the meaning is negative.

- a. I have **never** cheated in an exam.
- b. My son has never been to Moscow.
- c. My brother has never visited London before.

We use "just" to express a recently completed action.

- a. The cat has **just** caught a bird.
- b. The guests have **just** arrived.
- c. I have **just** finished my homework.

# Already

We use "already" to express that something has happened sooner than expected.

a. Don't forget to bring your book! Oh, I have already brought it.

b. They have already packed.
c. He has already bought a new car.
Yet
We use "yet" in interrogative and negative sentences and it suggests a time later than expected.
a. Have you done your homework? No, I haven't done it yet.
b. Has your father seen your report? No, he hasn't seen it yet.
c. Have the visitors arrived? No, they haven't arrived yet.
Change these sentences with "already".
Example: I listen to that song. = I have already listened to that song.
1. I watch that programme last night.
2. They wash their clothes .
3. We start a new lesson.
4. She eats an apple.
5. He writes his name in this book.
Change these sentences with "just".

I come back.

1.

	He drinks a cup of coffee.
3.	Dang writes this exercise .
4.	You speak to him .
5.	My father reads that book .
	in 'ever' or 'never'
1) T	his is the only time the children have been to the theatre.
2) 5	She hardly gets up early.
3) 5	She has bought a car before.
4) I	T'vetried Malaysian food.
5) ŀ	Have you seen Lucy?
6) I	L'vebeen to Barcelona.
7) ŀ	lave you seen such a lovely picture?
8) I	've been to South America.
9) ŀ	lave you been to New Zealand?
10)	The children havebeen on an aeroplane.
Mal	ke sentences using the Present Perfect with "ever".
1.	(you/see/aghost?/ever)

Have you ever seen a ghost? / No, I haven't seen a ghost.

2.	(you/break/an arm/ever)yes	
3.	(you/eat/a fishburger/ever)No	
4.	(you/ride/a donkey?/ever)Yes	
5.	(Anna/write/to a famous person?/ever)No	
sinc	e_	
<u>for</u>		
	plete the sentences with since or for.	
1 M	y grandparents have lived here 1962.	
2 M	y grandparents have lived here 50 years.	
3 W	e have stayed at our friends' house a long time.	
4 Ka	ate has been away two weeks.	
5 W	e have been friends we were children.	
6 J	oe and Tina have lived in England 10 years.	
7 My brother has worked hard the beginning of February.		
8 I haven't seen Eric yesterday.		
9 Our friends haven't visited us Christmas.		
10 A	My father has had this car two years.	